Title of Article: The Politics and Sociology of Corruption in Nigeria’s Fourth Republic  
Author(s): Duruji M. and Azuh D.  
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Abstract: Rhetoric’s and promises of politicians in the campaign trail are often not delivered to the people as a result of their interest in carting away public funds to service their electoral expenditure, thereby rendering their followers pauperized. Better governance is ensured in a corruption-free environment. This paper appraises the on-going campaign against corruption in Nigeria, especially during the Fourth Republic dispensation. It labeled corruption as one of the worst problems, hindering Nigeria’s progress in socio-economic growth and development. Some non-governmental organizations and civil society/liberty associations have been promoting anticorruption crusades but there is need for wider publicity on the cancerous monster ravaging the nation. The fight against corruption in Nigeria requires thorough access to useful information for the masses. The paper pointed out that curbing corruption has to do with full awareness of its devastating effects and how the political elites as well as leaders in power are playing with peoples’ well being. In the light of this, the study recommends a national rebirth/reorientation on anticorruption of the entire Nigerian populace. Instituting a value system that rejects corruption in all levels of school system will add to the fight against corruption. In addition, government should empower the masses through provision of infrastructure and amenities needed for entrepreneurial skills/vocational outfits to flourish and thereby reduce the extent of poverty in the country.  
Keywords: Corruption; Anti-corruption Crusade; Fourth Republic, Non-Governmental Organization, Political Elite.